## QUALIFYING EXAMINATION

HARVARD UNIVERSITY

Department of Mathematics

Tuesday January 29 2008 (Day 1)

1. Let  $K = \mathbb{C}(x)$  be the field of rational functions in one variable over  $\mathbb{C}$ , and consider the polynomial

$$f(y) = y^4 + x \cdot y^2 + x \in K[y].$$

- (a) Show that f is irreducible in K[y].
- (b) Let L = K[y]/(f). Is L a Galois extension of K?
- (c) Let L' be the splitting field of f over K. Find the Galois group of L'/K
- **2.** Let f be a holomorphic function on the unit disc  $\Delta = \{z : |z| < 1\}$ . Suppose |f(z)| < 1 for all  $z \in \Delta$ , and that

$$f(\frac{1}{2}) = f(-\frac{1}{2}) = 0.$$

Show that  $|f(0)| \leq \frac{1}{3}$ .

- **3.** Let  $\mathbb{CP}^n$  be complex projective *n*-space.
  - (a) Describe the cohomology ring  $H^*(\mathbb{CP}^n, \mathbb{Z})$ .
  - (b) Let  $i : \mathbb{CP}^n \to \mathbb{CP}^{n+1}$  be the inclusion of  $\mathbb{CP}^n$  as a hyperplane in  $\mathbb{CP}^{n+1}$ . Show that there does not exist a map  $f : \mathbb{CP}^{n+1} \to \mathbb{CP}^n$  such that the composition  $f \circ i$  is the identity on  $\mathbb{CP}^n$ .
- **4.** Let f be the function on  $\mathbb{R}$  defined by

$$f(t) = t, \quad -\pi < t \le \pi$$

and

$$f(t+2\pi) = f(t) \quad \forall t.$$

Find the Fourier expansion of f.

- **5.** Let X, Y, Z and W be homogeneous coordinates on projective space  $\mathbb{P}^3$  over a field K, and  $Q \subset \mathbb{P}^3$  be the surface defined by the equation XY ZW = 0.
  - (a) Show that Q is smooth and irreducible.
  - (b) Show that Q is birational to  $\mathbb{P}^2$ , that is, the function field of Q is isomorphic to K(s,t).

- (c) Show that Q is *not* isomorphic to  $\mathbb{P}^2$ .
- **6.** (a) Define the *curvature* and *torsion* of a differentiable arc in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
  - (b) Let  $\Delta \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  be an arc given parametrically by the  $\mathcal{C}^{\infty}$  vector-valued function  $t \mapsto v(t) \in \mathbb{R}^3$  for t in the interval  $I = (-1, 1) \subset \mathbb{R}$ . Under what conditions is the map

$$\phi: (-\epsilon, \epsilon) \times (0, \eta) \to \mathbb{R}^3$$

given by

$$\phi(t,s) \mapsto v(t) + s \cdot v'(t)$$

an immersion for some positive  $\epsilon$  and  $\eta$ ?

## QUALIFYING EXAMINATION

HARVARD UNIVERSITY

Department of Mathematics

Wednesday January 30 2008 (Day 2)

- **1.** Let  $X \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  be the cone  $x^2 = y^2 + z^2$ , and let Y be the torus  $(\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} 2)^2 + z^2 = 1$ , that is, the torus obtained by rotating the circle  $(x-2)^2 + z^2 1 = y = 0$  around the z-axis.
  - (a) Show that for any point  $p \in X$  other than the vertex (0,0,0), there is a neighborhood of p in X isometric to an open subset of the Euclidean plane  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .
  - (b) Show that no open subset of Y is isometric to any open subset of the Euclidean plane.
- **2.** Let V be an n-dimensional vector space over a field K, and  $Q: V \times V \to K$  a symmetric bilinear form. By the *kernel* of Q we mean the subspace of V of vectors v such that Q(v, w) = 0 for all  $w \in V$ , and by the *rank* of Q we mean n minus the dimension of the kernel of Q.

Let  $W \subset V$  be a subspace of dimension n - k, and let Q' be the restriction of Q to W. Show that

$$\operatorname{rank}(Q) - 2k \leq \operatorname{rank}(Q') \leq \operatorname{rank}(Q).$$

**3.** Find the solution of the differential equation

$$y''' - y'' - y' + y = 0$$

satisfying the conditions

$$y(0) = y'(0) = 0$$
 and  $y''(0) = 1$ .

- 4. Let S be a compact orientable 2-manifold of genus g, and let  $S_2$  be its symmetric square, that is, the quotient of the ordinary product  $S \times S$  by the involution exchanging factors.
  - (a) Show that  $S_2$  is a manifold.
  - (b) Find the Euler characteristic  $\chi(S_2)$ .
  - (c) Find the Betti numbers of  $S_2$ .
- 5. Prove the identity

$$\frac{\pi^2}{\sin^2 \pi z} = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \frac{1}{(z-n)^2}$$

for all  $z \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \mathbb{Z}$ 

- 6. Let  $\mathbb{P} \cong \mathbb{P}^n$  be the space of nonzero homogeneous polynomials of degree n in two variables, mod scalars, and let  $\Delta \subset \mathbb{P}$  be the locus of polynomials with a repeated factor.
  - (a) Show that  $\Delta$  is an irreducible subvariety of  $\mathbb{P}$ .
  - (b) Show that  $\dim \Delta = n 1$ .
  - (c) What is the degree of  $\Delta$ ?

## QUALIFYING EXAMINATION

HARVARD UNIVERSITY

Department of Mathematics

Thursday January 31 2008 (Day 3)

**1.** For c a nonzero real number, evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\log z}{z^2 + c^2} \, dz$$

- **2.** Let  $\mathbb{G}(1,4)$  be the Grassmannian parametrizing lines in  $\mathbb{P}^4$ , and let  $Q \subset \mathbb{P}^4$  be a smooth quadric hypersurface. Let  $F \subset \mathbb{G}(1,4)$  be the set of lines contained in Q.
  - (a) Show that F is an algebraic subvariety of  $\mathbb{G}(1,4)$ .
  - (b) Show that F is irreducible.
  - (c) What is the dimension of F?
- **3.** Let S be a compact orientable 2-manifold of genus 2 (that is, a 2-holed torus), and let  $f : S \to S$  be any orientation-preserving homeomorphism of finite order.
  - (a) Show that f must have a fixed point.
  - (b) Is this statement still true if we drop the hypothesis that f is orientationpreserving? Prove or give a counterexample.
  - (c) Is this statement still true if we replace S by a compact orientable 2manifold of genus 3? Again, prove or give a counterexample
- 4. (a) State Fermat's Little Theorem on powers in the field  $\mathbb{F}_{37}$  with 37 elements.
  - (b) Let k be any natural number not divisible by 2 or 3, and let  $a \in \mathbb{F}_{37}$  be any element. Show that there exists a unique solution to the equation

$$x^k = a$$

in  $\mathbb{F}_{37}$ .

(c) Solve the equation

$$x^5 = 2$$

in  $\mathbb{F}_{37}$ .

- **5.** Let X be a Banach space.
  - (a) Define the *weak topology* on X by describing a basis for the topology.

- (b) Let  $A : X \to Y$  be a linear operator between Banach spaces that is continuous from the weak topology on X to the norm topology on Y. Show that the image  $A(X) \subset Y$  is finite-dimensional.
- 6. Let  $V \cong \mathbb{C}^2$  be the standard representation of  $SL_2(\mathbb{C})$ .
  - (a) Show that the  $n^{\text{th}}$  symmetric power  $V_n = \text{Sym}^n V$  is irreducible.
  - (b) Which  $V_n$  appear in the decomposition of the tensor product  $V_2 \otimes V_3$  into irreducible representations?